

31st March 2015

Relationships with Healthcare Professionals in the United Kingdom

Gilead Sciences makes payments to Healthcare Professionals for consultancy and advisory services and provides sponsorship for educational activities that will ultimately benefit the care of patients.

The company has a policy of transparency as an important means of building and maintaining confidence. With effect from 2012, disclosure is therefore made of the total amount of fees paid to consultants for certain services and the total amounts paid to sponsor attendance at meetings organised by third parties.

For the purposes of this disclosure 'Healthcare Professionals' includes all members of the UK medical, dental and nursing professions and administrative staff and any other persons who in the course of their professional activities may administer, prescribe, purchase, recommend or supply a medicine in the UK.

Gilead Sciences Inc. group of companies has made the following payments to UK Healthcare Professionals between 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014 ("2014 Disclosure Period"):

Total Fees Paid during the 2014 Disclosure Period to All UK Healthcare Professionals for Consultancy or Advisory Services (including chairing and speaking at meetings, assistance with training and participation in advisory boards) and payment for related accommodation (inside and outside the UK) and overseas travel expenses incurred in connection with such Services

Total Payment: £676,053 (£585,280 in 2013)

Total number of Healthcare Professionals engaged: 298 (282 in 2013)

Total Payments in the 2014 Disclosure Period for all Sponsorships of UK Healthcare Professionals in relation to Attendance at Meetings organised by Third Parties (e.g. national and international scientific congresses) and payment for related accommodation (inside and outside the UK) and overseas travel expenses incurred in attending such Meetings

Total Payment for sponsored attendances by Healthcare Professionals: £182,677 (£153,923 in 2013)

Total number of Healthcare Professional recipients of sponsorship to attend meetings: 365 (216 in 2013)

Joint Working Projects

Hepatitis C Information Resource Project

(1) Imperial College NHS Foundation Trust, (2) the London Joint Working Group on Substance Use and Hepatitis C, (3) Addaction and Gilead Sciences Ltd are engaged in a joint working project to develop an information resource to support people who use drugs in making decisions about hepatitis C testing and accessing specialist assessment for treatment.

All parties have committed resources to support this project, which was completed within 2014.

This project is designed to provide benefits to patients, the NHS and Gilead and, in particular, to:

- Support people who use drugs who may find it difficult to access traditional models of care and for whom a major barrier to accessing care is a lack of information on testing, diagnosis and treatment.
- Raise awareness among workers in the NHS and Drug Treatment Services to ensure success of the care pathway allowing people who use drugs to access high-quality care, support and treatment for hepatitis C.
- Increase uptake of testing and treatment in accordance with clinical guidance.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:
08000 113 700

Patient experiences of HIV treatment regimens and services

(1) Royal Free NHS Foundation Trust; and (2) Manchester University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust and Gilead Sciences Ltd are engaged in a joint working project to understand the existing overall patient experience from current HIV treatment regimens and services and the factors that can impact adherence. This project is anticipated to run from July 2013 to January 2014.

The purpose of the joint working project is to implement a validated patient questionnaire, measured by CRT technology, and to report on any findings to enhance overall future patient treatment and service experience while improving outcomes.

This project is designed to provide benefits to patients, the NHS and Gilead and, in particular, to support:

- direct patient involvement in their care;
- greater ability to understand and focus treatment and services on patient-centred outcomes, through understanding of patient perception and experience;
- identification of issues affecting adherence;
- identification of opportunities to free up NHS funds from wasted expenditure not meeting patient needs;
- provision of real world patient experience and feedback related to patient perceptions of their medicines.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:
08000 113 700

Date of update: March 2015

Gilead Sciences Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gilead Sciences Inc, a research-based biopharmaceutical company that discovers, develops and commercializes innovative medicines in areas of unmet need for life threatening diseases.

London Initiative for Glandular fever HIV Testing (LIGHT)

(1) Guy's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust, (2) King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust, (3) Stockwell Group Practice, (4) Southwark Council Department of Public Health, (5) Lambeth Council Integrated Commissioning Team, (6) GSTS Pathology LLP and Gilead Sciences Ltd are engaged in a joint working project to configure existing electronic laboratory ordering software (TQuest®) used by Guy's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust and King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust hospital laboratories to include an HIV test (on an opt-out basis) as part of the electronically requested routine glandular-fever screens in primary care.

All parties have committed resources to support this project, which was commenced in 2014 and is expected to complete within 2 years.

The purpose of the joint working project is to implement and monitor the impact of opt-out HIV testing in electronically requested glandular fever screens in primary care practices across Lambeth and Southwark.

This project is designed to provide benefits to patients, the NHS and Gilead and, in particular, to support:

- testing for HIV in a primary care setting to encourage:
 - earlier HIV diagnosis and linkage to care
 - de-stigmatisation of HIV testing through incorporation into routine medical investigations
- implementation of recommendations in clinical guidelines and alignment with the NHS commissioning QIPP agenda
- deliver and monitor care within a setting convenient for patients

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Joint Working Project

Nottingham University Hospital-specific HCV pathway simulation model

(1) Nottingham University Hospital NHS Trust; and (2) Gilead Sciences Ltd are engaged in a joint working project to build an NUH-specific HCV pathway simulation model using stakeholder insight and data from the NUH health economy.

All parties have committed resources to support this project which commenced in June 2015 and is expected to complete within 4 months.

The purpose of the joint working project is to build a model that will be adaptable for use in other health economies to identify findings (including economic) that could help enhance overall future patient treatment and service experience whilst improving outcomes.

The project is designed to provide benefits to patients, the NHS and Gilead and, in particular, to:

- create pathways that enable patient to access and optimise the different HCV treatment options available whilst adhering to the new national HCV specification
- deliver HCV services in settings most convenient and appropriate to patients.
- ensure that patients continue to receive care according to national guidelines.
- identify current barriers/blocks/constraints to optimal HCV pathway performance.
- model and project future financial, activity, and outcome implications of pathway changes to aid investment planning and delivery.
- create more opportunities for the appropriate use of medicines, including Gilead's medicines, in suitable patients in line with NICE and/or NHS England guidelines.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:
08000 113 700

Joint Working Project

Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh-specific HCV pathway simulation model

(1) Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh; and (2) Gilead Sciences Ltd are engaged in a joint working project to build a Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh-specific HCV pathway simulation model using stakeholder insight and data from the NHS Lothian health economy.

All parties have committed resources to support this project which commenced in December 2015 and is expected to complete within 4 months.

The purpose of the joint working project is to build a model that will be adaptable for use in other health economies to identify findings (including economic) that could help enhance overall future patient treatment and service experience whilst improving outcomes.

The project is designed to provide benefits to patients, the NHS and Gilead and, in particular, to:

- create pathways that enable patient to access and optimise the different HCV treatment options available whilst adhering to the new national HCV specification
- deliver HCV services in settings most convenient and appropriate to patients.
- ensure that patients continue to receive care according to national guidelines.
- identify current barriers/blocks/constraints to optimal HCV pathway performance.
- model and project future financial, activity, and outcome implications of pathway changes to aid investment planning and delivery.
- create more opportunities for the appropriate use of medicines, including Gilead's medicines, in suitable patients in line with SMC and/or NHS Scotland guidelines.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:
08000 113 700

Joint Working Project

VirA+EmiC – Accident and Emergency Department HBV and HCV opt-out testing combined with an enhanced rapid care pathway

(1) Guy's and St Thomas NHS Foundation Trust, (2) Lambeth Clinical Commissioning Group, (3) Public Health England and Gilead Sciences Limited are engaged in a Joint Working Project to evaluate the feasibility, effectiveness and acceptability of a combination of innovative viral hepatitis (HBV and HCV) opt-out testing for patients.

All parties have committed resources to support this project, which was commenced in October 2016 and is expected to complete within 12 months.

Aims

The aim of the VirA+EmiC Joint Working Project is to evaluate the feasibility, effectiveness and acceptability of a combination of innovative viral hepatitis (HBV and HCV) opt-out testing for patients over 18 years having bloods taken in St Thomas' Hospital A&E department combined with an enhanced rapid hepatitis care pathway for patients testing positive for either infection.

Benefits

The expected benefits of the VirA+EmiC Joint Working Project to patients are that all Parties will have a better understanding of the effectiveness and value of routine opt-out viral hepatitis testing as part of A&E attendance in high prevalence areas, in combination with an innovative hepatitis care pathway. Patients will benefit from reduced time from viral hepatitis infection to diagnosis and improved access to specialist care and treatment to prevent disease progression and complications. Earlier diagnosis and care interventions may also prevent onwards hepatitis transmission. The project will direct public health protection interventions through patient engagement in harm reduction programs and vaccination of at risk individuals.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:

08000 113 700

Date of update: October 2016

Joint Working Project

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT UNLINKED ANONYMOUS BBV SEROPREVALENCE Liverpool - 'ENABLE-Liverpool'

(1) Royal Liverpool University Hospital, (2) Public Health England and Gilead Sciences Limited are engaged in a Joint Working Project to estimate local prevalence of certain blood-borne viruses (BBVs).

All parties have committed resources to support this project, which will commence in November 2016 and is expected to complete within 5 months.

Aims

The aim of this joint working project is to estimate local prevalence of BBVs (HIV, HBV, HCV) by performing an unlinked anonymous seroprevalence survey using residual blood samples (taken for other purposes) from patients attending the Accident and Emergency Department (A&E) at the Royal Liverpool University Hospital. The samples will be anonymised, with solely the patient's sex, age and ethnicity remaining associated with the sample for epidemiological analysis.

Benefits

Using anonymised samples is a simple but well established public health strategy providing valuable data to inform local BBV epidemiology and health protection decisions. This will enable Royal Liverpool University Hospital and Public Health England to determine whether there is a need for the implementation of any testing initiatives in A&E, with an associated clinical care pathway, to identify BBV patients that are undiagnosed or diagnosed but not in care and ensure that they receive the appropriate management for their BBV.

For further information please contact:

Medical Affairs, Gilead Sciences Ltd:

08000 113 700

Date of update: October 2016